

209th Judicial District, Judge Angela Tucker  
219th Judicial District, Judge Jennifer Edgeworth  
296th Judicial District, Judge John Roach, Jr.  
366th Judicial District, Judge Tom Nowak  
380th Judicial District, Judge Benjamin Smith  
401st Judicial District, Judge Kim Laseter  
416th Judicial District, Judge Andrea Thompson  
417th Judicial District, Judge Cynthia Wheless



429th Judicial District, Judge Jill Renfro Willis  
468th Judicial District, Judge Lindsey Wynne  
469th Judicial District, Judge Piper McCraw  
470th Judicial District, Judge Brook Fulks  
471st Judicial District, Judge Bryan Gantt  
493rd Judicial District, Judge Christine Nowak  
494th Judicial District, Judge Kathryn Pruitt

**LOCAL RULES OF PRACTICE**  
**FOR THE DISTRICT COURTS OF COLLIN COUNTY**

The district judges of Collin County hereby adopt these rules pursuant to Rule 3a, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, and Rule 10, Texas Rules of Judicial Administration.

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## **1. Conduct and Decorum**

### **1.1. Standards for All Attorneys and Self-Represented Litigants**

Every attorney must thoroughly read and follow the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct and the Texas Lawyer's Creed. Self-represented litigants must also behave with professional decorum to the court, other attorneys, and other people involved with the litigation. All of these rules apply equally to self-represented litigants and attorneys.

### **1.2. Photographs, Broadcasting, Live Streaming, and Recordings**

No one may take photographs, broadcast, live stream, or make recordings (audio or video) in the courthouse, unless specifically authorized by written court order pursuant to Tex. R. Civ. P. 18c. Adoptions are exempt from this rule. Parties may take photographs at adoption proceedings.

## **2. Information and the District Clerk**

### **2.1. Contact Information**

Attorneys and self-represented litigants are required to provide to the court and district clerk a current mailing address and an email address. Each person must notify the district clerk of any change in address, email, or phone number. If you do not open emails or mail sent to the address you provided, the court will still proceed as if you had received the communication.

### **2.2. Vacation letters**

A party or attorney may send a vacation letter to the other parties or file it in the case, reserving a reasonable number of days during which no hearings, depositions, or trials are requested to be set. If a matter is set without that person's approval, and it conflicts with the previously-sent vacation letter, the affected person should bring the issue to the court's attention.

### **2.3. Related Filings**

Forum shopping is prohibited. Once a case is filed in a court, other cases involving related claims or parties will also be filed in that court, even if non-suited or refiled. Parties must notify the district clerk if related litigation has been previously filed in a court.

#### 2.4. Document Filing and Electronic Filing

Attorneys must use the electronic filing system. Self-represented litigants may use electronic filing or file documents directly with the district clerk. Electronic filings must comply with Tex. R. Civ. P. 21 and any other applicable electronic filing rules or standards. The district clerk may publish information regarding acceptable formatting and technical requirements for electronic documents.

#### 2.5. Sensitive Data and Initials

All attorneys and self-represented litigants must follow Tex. R. Civ. P. 21c and must redact sensitive data before filing documents. If the inclusion of sensitive data is required by law, then the document may be marked with a notice that the document contains sensitive data; otherwise, the document must not contain that notice. If a party has filed a document containing unredacted sensitive data, that party must resubmit a redacted substitute document.

A pleading must not contain initials in place of the first and last names unless redaction of the name is required or permitted by Tex. R. Civ. P. 21c, other law, or court order.

#### 2.6. Contact with the District Clerk's Office

Employees of the district clerk cannot provide legal advice and may only provide access to court records pursuant to relevant statutes and rules. Employees cannot receive or relay personal messages or calls or read pleadings to anyone. Employees may only provide the following information in response to requests:

- (a) whether an answer has been filed;
- (b) existence and setting of a case;
- (c) existence of a setting of a matter and/or motion in a pending case;
- (d) return of service and a date; and
- (e) correct style of a case when correct cause number is supplied.

#### 2.7. Court Registry

As ministerial officers, employees of the district clerk cannot exercise personal discretion relating to a court's registry. Orders must be clear, complete, and without uncertainty. Please consider addressing the following issues when drafting an order to disburse:

- (a) The order states that the district clerk is ORDERED to issue the check.
- (b) The order states exactly who is to receive the check, for example, "the District Clerk is ordered to issue a check payable to Jane Marie Doe."
- (c) The order includes the amount to be paid, for example: "the District Clerk is ordered to issue a check payable to Jane Marie Doe for an amount equal to all funds plus accrued interest," or "the District Clerk is ordered to issue a check payable to Jane Marie Doe for an amount equal to the principle amount of \$100, plus accrued interest."

- (d) The order specifically waives the 30-day waiting period. Without this language, the district clerk may wait 30 days before making the disbursement. Language such as “immediately,” “instanter,” and “without delay” are not sufficient to waive the 30-day waiting period. The 30-day waiting period will be automatically waived for criminal cash bond disbursements and for the Office of the Attorney General.

If an order’s language does not clearly direct the district clerk, there will be no disbursement until any defects are cured. Interest earned and fees charged on registry funds are governed by the Texas Local Government Code.

### **3. Setting Hearings and Trials**

#### **3.1. Conference Requirement for Setting Hearings**

(a) The Court may set a hearing on its own initiative at any time, with or without a request from a party, including in circumstances involving the inability of the parties to agree on a hearing date, a lack of response from a party, for docket management, compliance with Texas Rule of Civil Procedure 166a, or as otherwise deemed appropriate by the Court.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (a), parties shall make a good-faith effort to confer and obtain agreement on a hearing date before requesting that the Court set a hearing.

(c) A party may request that the Court set a hearing without agreement only after making reasonable efforts to confer with opposing counsel or self-represented party, which shall include at least two attempts to contact the opposing side using customary means of communication.

(d) Any request to set a hearing shall include a brief statement describing the efforts made to confer and whether agreement on a hearing date was reached.

(e) Nothing in subsections (b)-(d) modifies or waives the requirements of Rule 4.1.2 or 4.1.3.

#### **3.2. Continuances**

A trial or hearing cannot be postponed or rescheduled without the consent of the court. Any motion for continuance must be verified and will be heard at a time set by the court.

#### **3.3. Conflicting settings**

A conflicting setting exists when an attorney is already set for trial or hearing in another court or an attorney is assigned to more than one court at the same time. An attorney must immediately notify all courts in which the attorney is set for hearing or trial if the attorney has a conflicting setting.

### 3.4. Ex Parte Relief

- 3.4.1. No application for relief shall be presented to a judge until it has been filed and assigned to a court. Anyone seeking ex parte relief must notify the judge whether any other litigation is pending relating to the parties or the subject matter.
- 3.4.2. Except as provided below, anyone applying for a temporary restraining order or other ex parte relief must, at least two hours before presenting the application to a court, notify all other parties (including unrepresented parties), or their counsel if known, provide a copy of the application, and provide a copy of the proposed order.
- 3.4.3. Advance notification is not required if
  - (a) the application is for a protective order under Title 4 of the Texas Family Code or Article 7A of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure;
  - (b) the application sets forth a reasonable basis for believing that irreparable harm is likely imminent and there is insufficient time to notify opposing counsel or parties; or
  - (c) the application sets forth a reasonable basis for believing that notifying the opposing counsel or party would impair the court's ability to grant relief due to the danger that the subject matter of the application could be compromised, removed, or destroyed.
- 3.4.4. If the judge to which a case is assigned is unavailable, the application may be presented to another sitting district judge or, upon permission from the sitting district judge, to a visiting judge. Any district judge may sit for the court to which the case has been assigned.

### 3.5. Temporary Orders in Family Law Cases

Each party present at any hearing on temporary orders shall be limited to twenty minutes total to present its evidence, cross-examine, rebut, and argue its case, unless the court affirmatively orders otherwise.

## 4. Litigation and Discovery

### 4.1. Motion Practice

- 4.1.1. Parties are directed to use all reasonable efforts to attempt to resolve pre-trial disputes to avoid the necessity of judicial intervention.
- 4.1.2. Except as provided in Section 4.1.3, no counsel for a party shall file any motion unless accompanied with a Certificate of Conference signed by counsel for movant and stating:

- (a) Counsel for movant and counsel for respondent have personally conducted a conference at which there was a substantive discussion of the relief sought in this motion and despite best efforts the counsel have not been able to revolve those matters presented; or
- (b) Counsel for movant has personally attempted to contact the counsel for respondent to resolve the matters presented, but counsel for respondent has failed to respond or attempt to resolve the matters presented; or
- (c) Counsel for movant has conferred with opposing counsel on the merits of the issues contained in this motion, and opposing counsel has indicated that the motion is unopposed.

4.1.3. The requirement for a Certificate of Conference set forth in this Rule does not apply to dispositive motions, motions for summary judgment, default judgments, motions for voluntary dismissal or nonsuit, post-verdict motions and motions involving service of citation.

#### 4.2. Subpoenas Directed at Non-Party Government Employees

Before issuing a subpoena directed at a non-party government employee, the requesting party must comply with the requirements of this section.

- 4.2.1. Conference Requirement. During regular business hours, at least 3 business days before the subpoena is issued, the requesting party must contact the legal representative or chief executive officer of the government entity and make a reasonable good faith inquiry to ascertain the name and capacity of the person with knowledge of the matter and records sought.
- 4.2.2. Certificate Requirement. The subpoena must include a certificate that provides the following information:
  - (a) the party timely attempted to contact the legal representative or chief executive officer on (list dates, times, methods of contact, and persons contacted) and provided a detailed message alerting the person of the reasons for the subpoena, but received no response; or
  - (b) the party conferred with an authorized representative and was unable to agree on a representative to appear or provide documents because the person or documents sought were critical for the following reasons: (list reasons).

If a party fails to comply with these requirements, the court may grant the motion of a person/entity opposing the subpoena on that ground and may award expenses and attorney fees to the person/entity opposing the subpoena.

#### 4.3. Discovery Motions

All motions for discovery sanctions, requests for rulings on discovery objections, and motions to compel discovery shall set out within the body of the motion the interrogatory or request which is in dispute, and the objection and answer or response which is in dispute, so that all matters necessary for the Court's consideration are set out in one concise document.

#### 4.4. Form Protective Order for Discovery

Parties may agree to use the standard form protective order published on the district courts' website. Upon the motion of one party for entry of the standard form protective order, the court may enter that order unless a party files an objection within 10 days of receiving notice of the motion.

#### 4.5. Attorney Withdrawals

Motions to withdraw must comply with all requirements of Tex. R. Civ. P. 10. Counsel may not withdraw within 30 days of trial without leave of court. The withdrawal motion and order must contain the client's last known email address. A motion to withdraw may be granted without hearing if:

- (a) The client has signed the motion or order, consenting to the withdrawal;
- (b) Another lawyer has made an appearance on behalf of the client; or
- (c) The motion is accompanied by a letter that notifies the client of the client's right to object to the withdrawal within 10 days of the date the letter was mailed, the withdrawing attorney certifies that the motion and letter were sent to the client's last known address by both certified and regular first class mail, and no objection is filed.

#### 4.6. Dismissals for Want of Prosecution (DWOP)

A case may be dismissed for want of prosecution for any of the following reasons:

- (a) Failure of plaintiff to set the case for trial, enter a scheduling order, or take other appropriate action after notice that the case will be dismissed for want of prosecution;
- (b) Failure of plaintiff or plaintiff's counsel to appear for trial or a pretrial conference;
- (c) Failure of plaintiff to announce "ready" when the case is called for trial; or
- (d) For any other reason permitted by law.


#### 4.7. Final Judgments Due Within 30 Days


Within 30 days after reported settlement, rendition, or verdict, parties shall submit to the court a written final judgment, indicating whether it is approved by all parties as to form or substance. If a final judgment is not submitted to the court within 30 days, the court may presume that the parties wish the case dismissed with prejudice with costs taxed at the court's discretion. A party may file a motion to request more time.

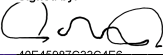
#### 4.8. Use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Court Filings


All self-represented litigants and attorneys who utilize any form of artificial intelligence (such as ChatGPT, Harvey.AI, Google Bard, TensorFlow, OpenAI, Bing) for legal research or drafting in connection with a case shall, before using any AI-generated information in a court submission or proceeding, ensure that such information is accurate and correctly portrayed to the court.

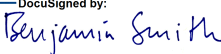
APPROVED FOR THE DISTRICT COURTS OF COLLIN COUNTY AND SIGNED ON MAY 6, 2026.


Signed by:  
  
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HON. ANGELA TUCKER  
199<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Signed by:  
  
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HON. JENNIFER EDGEWORTH  
219<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

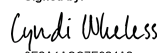
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HON. JOHN R. ROACH, JR.  
296<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

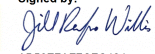
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HON. TOM NOWAK  
366<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

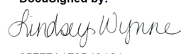
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HON. BENJAMIN N. SMITH  
380<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

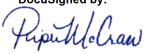
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HON. KIM LASETER  
401<sup>ST</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

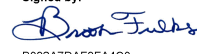
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HON. ANDREA THOMPSON  
416<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT


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HON. CYNTHIA WHELESS  
417<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT


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HON. JILL RENFRO WILLIS  
429<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

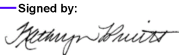
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HON. LINDSEY WYNNE  
468<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

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HON. PIPER MCCRAW  
469<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

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HON. BROOK FULKS  
470<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

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HON. BRYAN GANTT  
471<sup>ST</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

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CHRISTINE NOWAK  
493<sup>RD</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

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HON. KATHRYN L. PRUITT  
494<sup>TH</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT