

Instructions and Forms for an Agreed Divorce without Children

These instructions explain the basic steps in an agreed divorce without children. Each step includes a link to the form or forms needed for that step. Click on the step to expand it with more information.

Use these instructions if:

- you and your spouse do not have any minor children together, and
- you and your spouse agree about all the issues and will both sign the necessary court forms.

Have you read the Common Questions and related Articles?

These instructions are part of this TexasLawHelp.org Guide: **I need a divorce. We do not have minor children**. Before getting started, it's important to read the Frequently Asked Questions (in the Overview) and Articles included in the Guide.

Warning! These instructions provide general information, not legal advice. Talking with a lawyer about your situation is a good idea.

You can print these instructions to use as a checklist. To print out both instructions and forms together, click on **TexasLawHelp.org Combined Packets Home > Agreed Divorce Forms Set A** (for opposite-sex couples) or **TexasLawHelp.org Combined Packets Home > Agreed Divorce Forms Set D** (for same-sex couples).

Checklist Steps

Step 1: Determine where to file your divorce.

It's important to file for divorce in the correct county. If you file in the wrong county, your case will be dismissed.

You can file for divorce in the county where you live or the county where your spouse lives as long as you or your spouse meets these residency requirements:

You can file for divorce in the county where you live as long as:

- you have lived in that county for at least the last 90 days, and
- you have lived in Texas for at least the last six months.

Or, you can file for divorce in the county where your spouse lives as long as:

- your spouse has lived in that county for at least the last 90 days, and
- your spouse has lived in Texas for at least the last six months.

If neither you nor your spouse meets the residency requirements, talk with a lawyer.

Read **Filing a Divorce without Children** for more information.

□ **Step 2: Fill out the starting forms.**

Fill out an Original Petition for Divorce form (called the Petition for short)

- Use this version if you have an opposite-sex marriage: **Original Petition for Divorce (Set A)**
- Use this version if you have a same-sex marriage: **Original Petition for Divorce (Set D)**

You will file (turn in) the Petition at the courthouse to start your divorce case. The Petition tells the judge and your spouse that you want a divorce and states what you want the judge to order in the Final Decree of Divorce. The Frequently Asked Questions and related Articles included with these instructions will help you understand your options.

When you fill out the Petition:

- Print your answers neatly in blue or black ink. Do not leave blanks.
- You are the “petitioner” and your spouse is the “respondent.”
- Talk to a lawyer if you have questions or need help.

Note: The Petition asks for your address. Your spouse will get a copy of the Petition. If you are concerned about your spouse knowing your address, call the

Family Violence Legal Line at 800-374-4673 for free advice.

Fill out these additional starting forms if required for your case:

- **Civil Case Information Sheet** (NOTE: the **Texas Supreme Court has repealed the rule requiring the civil case information sheet**, so you may not need this form. If you are filing paper documents in person at the clerk's office, you should complete it and bring it anyway, however.).
- **Information on Suit Affecting the Family Relationship** (required for all cases)--hold on to this form and see Step 9, below).
- **Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs** (use only if you cannot afford to pay the filing fee for your case) Call the clerk's office to learn the filing fee for your case. Learn more here: **Court Fees and Fee Waivers**.

Make two copies of these completed starting forms:

- Original Petition for Divorce
- Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Courts (only if you are asking the court to waive court costs).

Step 3: File (turn in) your starting forms.

File (turn in) your completed Petition and additional starting forms with the court.

You need to find out if your county has **standing orders**. If it does, you will need to attach a copy of the standing orders to your petition.

To file your forms online, go to **E-File Texas** and follow the instructions.

To file your forms in person, take your Petition and additional starting forms (and copies) to the district clerk's office in the county you determined is the correct county to file for divorce.

At the clerk's office:

1. Turn in your Petition and other starting forms (and copies).
2. Pay the filing fee (or file your completed Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs if you cannot afford the fee). You can call the clerk's office ahead of time to learn the filing fee for your case.

3. Ask the clerk if there is a local standing order that you need to follow or attach to any of your documents.
4. Ask the clerk if there are local rules or procedures you need to know about for your divorce.
5. The clerk will write your "Cause Number" and "Court Number" at the top of the first page of your Petition. Write these numbers at the top of any document you file in your divorce case.)
6. The clerk will "file stamp" your copies with the date and time. The clerk will keep the original and give you back your copies. One copy is for you and one copy is for your spouse.

□ **Step 4: Ask your spouse to sign an Answer or Waiver of Service form.**

Give your spouse:

- a file-stamped copy of your Original Petition for Divorce, and
- a blank **Waiver of Service Only (Set A or D)** form, or a blank **Respondent's Original Answer (Set A or D)** form. (You can find the forms by scrolling to the bottom of this page, below the steps).

WARNING! Do not hand-deliver any papers to your spouse if there has been violence during your relationship, especially if a judge has signed a Protective Order ordering you or your spouse to stay away from the other. You can have your spouse served instead. If you decide to have your spouse served, use the "Instructions and Forms for a Default Divorce without Children" in the checklist directly below this one.

Ask your spouse to fill out and sign the **Waiver of Service Only (Set A or D)** form or the **Respondent's Original Answer (Set A or D)** form.

Your spouse can fill out and sign either form. You don't need both.

Tip: If your divorce is agreed, your spouse must also sign a completed Final Decree of Divorce form. It may save you time to fill out the Final Decree of

Divorce form now and send it to your spouse with the Waiver of Service or Answer form.

Read Step 5 for information about filling out the Decree. Links to the decree forms are in Step 5.

1. The Waiver of Service form must be signed in front of a notary. If your spouse plans to sign the Waiver of Service form, tell your spouse to sign it in front of a notary at least one day after you filed the Petition. Otherwise, your spouse will have to **re-do the waiver**. (The law about waivers of service in divorces is **Texas Family Code 6.4035**.)

If your spouse signs the waiver of service in front of a notary and gives it back to you, make three copies: one for your records, one to give back to your spouse, and a third to file with the district clerk, which you should do as soon as possible. The waiver must be on file, usually for at least 10 days, before you can finalize your case, although this duration may vary.

2. Answer: The Respondent's Original Answer form does not have to be signed in front of a notary. But if they sign and file the Answer, be aware that the divorce could be considered **contested**. You can still finish a divorce by agreement even if there is an answer on file, however. If your spouse chooses to file an answer, make sure they give you a copy of it—preferably signed and stamped by the clerk's office.

Change in law! If you filed your family law case after September 1, 2023, you do not need to exchange the previously mandatory Required Initial Disclosures. If your case was filed before September 1, 2023, after a party to a family law case (like a divorce) files an answer, both sides are obligated to exchange certain information and documents within 30 days. The form is here: **Required Initial Disclosures in Divorces, Annulments, and Suits to Declare Marriage Void**. See **Rule 11 Agreements** for information (and forms) about one way to waive required disclosures by agreement.

Step 5: Fill out the Final Decree of Divorce form.

Fill out the Final Decree of Divorce form.

- Use this form if you have an opposite-sex marriage: **Final Decree of Divorce (Set A)**

- Use this form if you have a same-sex marriage: **Final Decree of Divorce (Set D)**

You will ask the judge to sign the Final Decree of Divorce form when it's time to finish your divorce. When signed by the judge, the Final Decree of Divorce ends your marriage and makes orders about your property and debt. It may include other orders depending on your case.

The Final Decree of Divorce form must be completely filled out (except for the judge's signature) before you go to court. You and your spouse may want to fill out the Final Decree of Divorce form together.

When you fill out the Final Decree of Divorce:

- Print your answers using blue or black ink. Do not leave blanks.
- You are the petitioner and your spouse is the respondent.
- Talk to a lawyer if you have questions or need help.

Name change: If you or your spouse wants a name change (back to a name used before the marriage), also fill out this form: **Order Restoring Name Used Before Marriage**.

About Retirement Benefits

If you are dividing retirement benefits (other than an IRA), you must also complete a form called a Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO). TexasLawHelp.org does not provide QDRO forms. You may contact the employer or retirement plan administrator to see if they have a sample QDRO form. If not, you should hire a lawyer to draft the QDRO form. If you use the employer or plan administrator's form, you should still have a lawyer review it to make sure you are not giving up important benefits. You should have the QDRO prepared before you go to court, so the judge can sign it when you finish your divorce. Learn more here: **Dividing Retirement Benefits Upon Divorce**.

□ **Step 6: Have your Final Decree of Divorce form reviewed (if possible).**

Some counties require this document to be reviewed by an attorney, while others do not. You should talk to the district clerk's office or court coordinator in your

county about local requirements. Even if it's not required, it's a good idea to have a family law lawyer review your completed Final Decree of Divorce form. Family law lawyers specialize in cases involving families, such as divorce cases.

You can hire a family law lawyer **just** to review your forms. This is called "limited scope representation." You may also be able to talk with a lawyer for free at a legal clinic. If you need help finding a lawyer, you can:

- Use our **Legal Help Directory** to search for a lawyer referral service, legal aid office or self-help center in your area.
- Check our **Legal Events and Clinics** page for free legal clinics in your area.
- Use **Ask a Question** to chat online with a lawyer or law student.

□ **Step 7: Ask your spouse to sign the Final Decree of Divorce form.**

Ask your spouse to:

- **review and sign** your completed Final Decree of Divorce form, **and**
- **return** the signed Final Decree of Divorce form to you.

Note: Make sure the Final Decree of Divorce form is completely filled out **before** your spouse signs it. You **CANNOT** make changes to the Decree once it has been signed by your spouse, unless your spouse initials each change.

You will then:

- sign the Final Decree of Divorce form, **and**
- keep the signed Final Decree of Divorce form until it is time to finish your case.

Note: If your spouse filed an answer or waiver of service only but will not sign the Final Decree of Divorce form, your divorce is contested. To finish a contested divorce, you must set a contested final hearing. You must give your spouse at least 45 days' notice of the final hearing. Read this article to learn more: **How to Set a Contested Final Hearing (Family Law)**.

It's always best to have a lawyer if your case is contested.

□ **Step 8: Wait the 60-day waiting period.**

In almost all cases, you must wait at least 60 days before you can finish your divorce in court. You can always wait longer than 60 days, but your divorce cannot be finished in fewer than 60 days.

When counting the 60 days, find the day you filed your Original Petition for Divorce on a calendar, and then count out 60 more days (including weekends and holidays). If the 60th day falls on a weekend or holiday, go to the next business day.

Note: When counting the 60 day waiting period, don't count the day you filed your Original Petition for Divorce. Day 1 is the next day.

There are only two exceptions to the 60-day waiting period.

1. If your spouse has been convicted of or received deferred adjudication for a crime involving family violence against you or a member of your household, the 60-day waiting period is waived.
2. If you have an active protective order or an active magistrate's order for emergency protection against your spouse because of family violence during your marriage, the 60-day waiting period is waived.

□ **Step 9: Get ready for court.**

Call the clerk's office to learn when and where the court hears uncontested cases. If you would like to appear virtually, you may need to file a motion to ask the court to allow it. Read **Virtual Court**.

Print and read through the sample testimony (found below). You must read this testimony to the judge when you go to court to finish your divorce. Make sure everything in the sample testimony is true for you. If not, talk to a lawyer. Remember, everything you say in court must be true and correct. You can be charged with a crime for lying in court.

- Use this form if you have an opposite-sex marriage: **Sample Testimony Divorce without Children (Set A)**
- Use this form if you have a same-sex marriage: **Sample Testimony Divorce without Children (Set D)**

Read the article **Tips for the Courtroom** for more information about going to court.

Print and complete the **Information on Suit Affecting the Family Relationship** form (also known as the “Austin form”) on one sheet of paper, printed on the front and back of the page.

□ **Step 10: Go to court to finish your divorce.**

Bring these papers with you to the courthouse on the day you plan to finish your case:

- file-stamped copy of your Original Petition for Divorce; and
- Waiver of Service or Answer form filled out and signed by your spouse; and
- Final Decree of Divorce form completely filled out and signed by both you and your spouse; and
- Sample Testimony for Divorce without Children; and
- Any additional documents needed for your specific case, such as a Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO) signed by both you and your spouse if you are dividing a retirement account.

When you get to the courthouse, go to the clerk’s office.

- File (turn in) the Respondent’s Original Answer or Waiver of Service Only form that was filled out and signed by the other spouse. Ask the clerk to file stamp your copy. Bring your file-stamped copy with you to court.
- Ask if you need the court file or docket sheet (list of what has been filed in your case).

When you get to the courtroom, tell the clerk you are there and give the clerk your paperwork. Sit down until the judge calls your case.

When the judge calls your case, walk to the front of the courtroom and stand in front of the judge’s bench. The judge will have you raise your right hand and swear to tell the truth. The judge may ask you questions or may ask you to read your testimony. Have your Sample Testimony for Divorce without Children ready. The judge will listen to what you say and review your papers. If everything is in order the judge will sign your Final Decree of Divorce.

Need to finish the case without going to court?

Some judges allow the use of an affidavit to satisfy the prove-up requirements in an agreed divorce. If you'd like to see if the judge will accept an affidavit in place of short testimony, contact the court coordinator. Some judges may not accept prove-up affidavits. Additionally, some judges will only accept prove-up affidavits for divorces with no children. If you determine that the judge will accept an affidavit, you can use this form: **Affidavit for Prove-Up of Agreed Divorce Without Children**. This form must be sworn in front of a notary. Everything in the affidavit must be true and correct. You can be charged with a crime for lying to the court. See **Texas Penal Code 37**.

□ **Step 11: File the signed Final Decree of Divorce.**

After the judge signs your Final Decree of Divorce, go back to the clerk's office.

- File (turn in) the Final Decree of Divorce and any other orders signed by the judge. **Your divorce is NOT final until you do so.**
- Get a certified copy of your Final Decree of Divorce and any other orders signed by the judge from the clerk while you are there. The clerk may charge a fee for the certified copies.
- File the completed **Information on Suit Affecting the Family Relationship** form (also known as the "Austin" form), which must be printed on one sheet of paper on the front and back of the page.

□ **Step 12: After your divorce is finished.**

Send a file-stamped copy of your Final Decree of Divorce and any other orders signed by the judge to your spouse.

Follow these additional steps if they apply:

- If your name was changed, take a certified copy of your Final Decree of Divorce to the following agencies:
 - Your local Social Security Administration (SSA) office to change your social security card.
 - Your local Department of Public Safety (DPS) office to change your driver's license or state identification card.

- Your County Voter Registrar to change your voter registration card. (For more information, contact the **Texas Secretary of State**.)
- Contact the **U.S. State Department** to change your name on your passport.
- Transfer car titles. If a vehicle (not already in your name alone) was awarded to you, give a certified copy of the Final Decree of Divorce to your county tax office and apply for title. The vehicle identification number (VIN) must be listed in your Final Decree of Divorce.
- File deeds to transfer title to real property (house or land) at the real property records office in the county where the property is located.
- If the judge signed a QDRO dividing a retirement account, send a certified copy of the QDRO to the administrator of the retirement plan by certified mail return receipt requested. **If this isn't done, you won't get your share of the retirement funds.**
- Revise your will, insurance policies and all financial account beneficiary designations as needed.

Forms Required

Original Petition for Divorce [Divorce Set A]

Original Petition for Divorce [Divorce Set D]

Civil Case Information Sheet

Information on Suit Affecting the Family Relationship (Excluding Adoptions)

Fee Waiver (Bilingual) - Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs or an Appeal Bond

Waiver of Service Only (Specific Waiver) [Divorce Set A or D]

Respondent's Original Answer [Divorce Set A or D]

Final Decree of Divorce [Divorce Set A]

Final Decree of Divorce [Divorce Set D]

Sample Testimony for Opposite-Sex Divorce without Children

Sample Testimony for Same-Sex Divorce without Children

Affidavit for Prove-Up of Agreed Divorce Without Children

Order Restoring Name Used Before Marriage [Divorce without Children]

Source URL: <https://texaslawhelp.org/checklist/instructions-and-forms-for-an-agreed-divorce-without-children>

NOTICE: THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS SENSITIVE DATA.

Cause Number: _____
(The Clerk's office will fill in the Cause Number and Court Number when you file this form.)

In the Matter of the Marriage of

Petitioner: _____
Print first, middle and last name of the spouse filing for divorce.

In the _____
(Court Number)

And

District Court
 County Court at Law

Respondent: _____ County, Texas
Print first, middle and last name of other spouse.

Original Petition for Divorce

Print your answers.

My name is: _____
First Middle Last

I am the **Petitioner**, the person asking for a divorce.

The last three numbers of my driver's license number are: ____ ____ ____ . My driver's license was issued in (State) _____.

or I do not have a driver's license number.

The last three numbers of my social security number are: ____ ____ ____ .

or I do not have a social security number.

My spouse's name is: _____
First Middle Last

My spouse is the Respondent.

1. Discovery

The discovery level in this case, if needed, is: (Check one box.)

- Level 1. (Check here if you and your spouse have less than \$250,000 in property.)
 Level 2. (All other couples check here.)

2. Legal Notice (Check one box.)

- I think my spouse will sign a Waiver of Service (or Answer). Do not send a sheriff, constable, or process server to serve my spouse with a copy of this Petition for Divorce at this time.
 I will have a sheriff, constable, process server or clerk serve my spouse with this Petition for Divorce here:

Street Address City State Zip

If this is a work address, name of business: _____

I ask the clerk to issue a Citation of Service (the form necessary to provide legal notice to my spouse by "Official Service of Process"). I understand that I will need to **pay the fee** (or file a Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs if am unable to pay the fee) and **arrange for service**.

- I cannot find my spouse. I ask that my spouse be served by posting or publication. I understand I must file an Affidavit for Citation by Posting or Affidavit for Citation by Publication depending on my case. If my spouse and I have property, I understand I must also hire a lawyer to serve as attorney ad litem for my spouse.

3. Jurisdiction

3A. County Residence Requirement

(Check all boxes that apply.)

- I have lived in this county for the last 90 days.
- My spouse has lived in this county for the last 90 days.
- I am serving in the armed forces or other government service outside of Texas, but this county has been the home county of either my spouse or me for at least 90 days.
- I have accompanied my spouse who is serving in the armed forces or other government service outside of Texas, but this county has been the home county of either my spouse or me for at least 90 days.

Note: You cannot file for divorce in Texas until you or your spouse has lived in the county where you are asking for a divorce for at least the last 90 days and in Texas for at least the last six months.

There are special rules for military families and others who are absent from the state due to government service.

Get more information at www.TexasLawHelp.org.

3B. Texas Residence Requirement

(Check all boxes that apply.)

- I have lived in Texas for the last six months.
- My spouse has lived in Texas for the last six months.
- I am serving in the armed forces or other government service outside of Texas, but Texas is the home state of either my spouse or me and has been for at least 6 months.
- I have accompanied my spouse who is serving in the armed forces or other government service outside of Texas, but Texas is the home state of either my spouse or me and has been for at least 6 months.

3C. Personal Jurisdiction over Spouse

(Check one box.)

- My spouse lives in Texas.
- My spouse does not live in Texas.

(If your spouse does not live in Texas, check any boxes that apply below.)

- My spouse agrees that a Texas court can make orders in this divorce, including orders dividing our property and debts. My spouse will file a Waiver of Service (or Answer).
- Texas is the last state where we lived together as a married couple. This Petition for Divorce is filed less than two years after we separated.

4. Dates of Marriage and Separation

My spouse and I got married on or about: _____
Month Day Year

We stopped living together as spouses on or about: _____
Month Day Year

5. Grounds for Divorce

I ask the Court to grant me a divorce. The marriage has become insupportable due to discord or conflict of personalities that destroys the legitimate ends of the marital relationship and prevents any reasonable expectation of reconciliation.

6. No Children Together

My spouse and I **do not** have any biological or adopted children together who are under 18 years old or still in high school.

Note: Talk to a lawyer if you have an adult disabled child who is not capable of supporting him or herself because of the disability. You or your spouse could be entitled to receive child support.

7. Is the Wife Pregnant?

(Check one box.)

- The wife in this marriage **is not** pregnant.
- The wife in this marriage **is** pregnant. I understand that I cannot finish the divorce until after the child is born.

(If the wife is pregnant, also check one box below.)

- The husband **is** the father of this child. I ask the court to include orders for custody, visitation, child support and medical support for the child in the Final Decree of Divorce.
- The husband **is not** the father of this child. I understand that paternity of the child must be established before I can finish the divorce. (Get information about establishing paternity at www.TexasLawHelp.org.)

8. Did the Wife Have a Child with Another Partner while Married to the Husband?

(Check one box. Fill in the requested information, if applicable.)

- The wife **did not** have a child with another man while married to the husband.
- The wife **did** have a child with another man while married to the husband. All of the children born during the marriage that are not the Husband's adopted or biological children are named below:

	Child's name	Age	Date of Birth	Sex
1.	_____	_____	_____	_____
2.	_____	_____	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	_____	_____
4.	_____	_____	_____	_____
5.	_____	_____	_____	_____

(If the wife had a child or children with another man during the marriage, check one box below.)

- Paternity of the child(ren) named above **has not** been established. I understand that paternity of the child(ren) must be established before I can finish my divorce. (Get information about establishing paternity at www.TexasLawHelp.org.)
- Paternity of the child(ren) named above **has** been established; (Check one box.)
- A court order has established that another man is the biological father and/or the Husband is not the biological father of the child(ren) listed above. I understand I must attach a file-stamped copy of the court order to my Final Decree of Divorce.
- An Acknowledgement of Paternity was signed by the biological father and a Denial of Paternity was signed by the Husband for the child(ren) listed above. I understand I must attach a copy of these documents to my Final Decree of Divorce.

9. Protective Order Statement (Check the appropriate boxes below. Fill in the requested information.)

Note: You **must** provide information about any protective order or pending application for protective order involving you and your spouse or a child of either you or your spouse. This includes information about any: (1) family violence protective order, (2) sexual assault, sexual abuse, trafficking or stalking protective order; or (3) emergency protective order issued after an arrest. You **must also** attach to this petition a copy of any protective order (even if it's expired) in which one spouse or child of either spouse was the applicant or victim and the other spouse was the respondent or defendant. If your divorce petition does not accurately reflect whether there is a protective order against either spouse, the Court may require you to file an amended petition.

9A. No Protective Order

- I **do not** have a protective order against my spouse and I have not asked for one.
- My spouse **does not** have a protective order against me and has not asked for one.

9B. Pending Protective Order

- I **have** filed paperwork at the courthouse asking for a protective order against my spouse, but a judge has not decided if I should get it. I asked for a protective order on _____ Date Filed
in _____ County, _____ State. The cause number is _____ Cause Number
If I get a protective order, I will file a copy of it before any hearings in this divorce.
- My spouse **has** filed paperwork asking for a protective order against me, but a judge has not decided if my spouse will get it. My spouse asked for a protective order on _____ Date Filed
in _____ County, _____ State. The cause number is _____ Cause Number
If my spouse gets a protective order, I will file a copy of it before any hearings in this divorce.

9C. Protective Order in Place

- I **do have** a protective order against my spouse. I got the protective order in _____ County, _____ State on _____ Date Ordered
The cause number for the protective order is _____ Cause Number
Either I have attached a copy of the protective order to this petition or I will file a copy of it with the court before any hearings in this divorce.
- My spouse **does have** a protective order against me. The protective order was made in _____ County, _____ State on _____ Date Ordered
The cause number for the protective order is _____ Cause Number
Either I have attached a copy of the protective order to this petition or I will file a copy of it with the court before any hearings in this divorce.

Note: You **MUST** attach a copy of **any** protective order issued for you against your spouse **or** issued for your spouse against you, no matter when the protective order was issued.

10. Waiver of Waiting Period Based on Family Violence (Check only if applicable.)

- I ask the Court to waive the 60-day waiting period for divorce because: (Check one box.)
 - My spouse has been convicted of or received deferred adjudication for a crime involving family violence against me or a member of my household.
 - I have an active protective order or an active magistrate's order for emergency protection against my spouse because of family violence during our marriage. The order includes a finding that my spouse committed family violence.

11. Property and Debt

Note: It is very important to talk with a lawyer if you or your spouse has a house, land, business, retirement funds, other valuable property, or debt. Getting advice from a lawyer now can save you time and money in the long run.

About community property: Texas is a community property state. This means that any new property that either spouse gets from the minute they are married until the minute the judge grants the divorce is probably community property, even if the property is only in one spouse's name.

About separate property: Property owned by a spouse before the marriage is that spouse's separate property. In addition, if either spouse receives a gift, an inheritance, or a recovery for personal injuries that occurred during the marriage (not including a recovery for lost wages or medical expenses); it is that spouse's separate property. There are exceptions to these general rules. If you have questions talk to a lawyer.

About retirement: Retirement funds (such as 401k, pension, profit sharing, stock option plans, and IRAs) earned by either spouse during the marriage are usually considered to be community property that can be divided by the court. This is true even if you or your spouse has not yet retired. If you want the Court to divide retirement funds (other than an IRA), you will need to have the Court sign an additional form, usually called a "Qualified Domestic Relations Order" (QDRO), to make the division effective. You should have the QDRO prepared before you go to court, so the judge can sign it when you finish your divorce. A QDRO form is not included with this divorce set. You may be able to get a sample QDRO form from the employer or retirement fund administrator. If not, you should hire a lawyer to draft the QDRO form. If you use the employer or retirement fund administrator's QDRO form, you should still have a lawyer review it to make sure you are not giving up important benefits. **Note:** If you and your spouse plan to keep your own retirement funds or do not have retirement funds, you do not need a QDRO.

About debt: A creditor's right to collect a debt is not affected by a divorce decree. So, if the Court orders your spouse to pay a debt (such as a mortgage) that is in both of your names but your spouse doesn't pay it, the creditor can still seek payment from you. Ask a lawyer how to protect yourself in this situation.

11A. Community Property and Debt

If my spouse and I can agree about how to divide the property and debts we got during our marriage, I ask the Court to approve our agreement. If we cannot agree, I ask the Court to divide our community property and debts according to Texas law.

11B. Separate Property

I own the following separate property. I owned this property before I was married or I received this property as a gift or inheritance during my marriage or I received this property as recovery for personal injuries that occurred during the marriage (not including any recovery for lost wages or medical expenses). I ask the Court to confirm this property as my separate property.

(Fill in all lines. If you have no property to list in a particular category, write "none.")

House or land located at _____
Street Address City State Zip

Cars, trucks, motorcycles, or other vehicles

Year	Make	Model	Vehicle Identification No. [VIN]-
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Other money or personal property that I owned before I was married, received as a gift or inheritance during my marriage or property I purchased during my marriage with separate property funds:

NOTICE: THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS SENSITIVE DATA.

Cause No. _____
Print court information exactly as it appears on the Original Petition for Divorce

In the Matter of the Marriage of _____ In the _____
(Court Number)

Petitioner: _____
Print first, middle, and last name of spouse filing divorce. District Court
and County Court at Law

Respondent: _____ County, Texas
Print first, middle, and last name of other spouse.

Respondent's Waiver of Service Only (Specific Waiver) (Divorce without Children)

WARNING to Respondent: Without the advice and help of a lawyer, you may be putting yourself, your property, and your money at risk. For a referral to a lawyer or free Legal Aid office call the State Bar of Texas Lawyer Referral Information Service at 800-252-9690.

If you are a victim of domestic violence, or if at any time you feel unsafe, you can get confidential help from the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 800-799-7233 or legal help from the Texas Advocacy Project Family Violence Legal Line at 800-374-4673.

INSTRUCTIONS to Respondent: If you decide to use this form:

- Do not sign it until **at least one day after** the Original Petition for Divorce has been filed (turned in to the court). If you sign this form before then, you will have to redo it. Your spouse should have given you a copy of the Original Petition for Divorce. The official court stamp on your copy will tell you when it was filed.
- Fill out this form completely. You **MUST** include your mailing address.
- **Sign this form in front of a notary.** Do not sign until you are standing in front of the notary.
- File (turn in) the original signed form to the court where your spouse filed the Original Petition for Divorce. Keep a copy for your records. Give a copy to your spouse.
- Get additional information about divorce at www.TexasLawHelp.org.

The person who signed this affidavit appeared, in person, before me, the undersigned notary, and stated under oath:

"I am the Respondent in this case.

"My name is: _____
First Middle Last

"My mailing address is: _____
Mailing Address City State ZIP

"My phone number is: _____.

"My email address is: _____.

"My fax number (if available) is: _____.

"The last three numbers of my driver's license number are: ____ ____ _____. My driver's license was issued in (State): _____.

Or I do not have a driver's license number.

"The last three numbers of my social security number are: ____ ____ ____.

Or I do not have a social security number.

"I have been given a copy of the Original Petition for Divorce filed in this case. I have read the Original Petition for Divorce and understand what it says. I do not give up my right to review a different Petition for Divorce if it gets changed (amended).

"I understand that I have the right to be given a copy of the Original Petition for Divorce by a constable, sheriff or other official process server (legal notice). I do not want to be given legal notice. I give up my right to legal notice.

"I ask that the Court not enter any orders in this case unless the order is signed by me or unless I have received prior written notice of the date, time, and place of hearing.

"If I reach an agreement and sign a Final Decree of Divorce, the court can enter the Decree without me being present and without giving me notice. If I sign an agreed Final Decree of Divorce, I do not want a court reporter to make a record of the testimony.

"I understand that by signing this form I am entering an appearance in this case. I agree that a Judge or Associate Judge in the county and state where this case is filed may make decisions about my divorce, even if the divorce should have been filed in another county.

"I understand that I must let the Court and my spouse's attorney (or my spouse if they are not represented by an attorney) know in writing if my mailing address or email address changes during this case. If I don't, then I understand that any notices about this case will be sent to me at the mailing address or email address on this form.

Military Status (Check one box.)

I am not in the military.

I am in the military. I agree to the provisions stated above and I waive only the rights, privileges, and exemptions I have under the Servicemember's Civil Relief Act that are contrary to those provisions.

Name Change (Check one box.)

I am NOT asking the court to change my name.

I ask the Court to change my name back to a name I used before my marriage. I am not asking the court to change my name to avoid criminal prosecution or creditors. That name is:

_____”
First

_____”
Middle

_____”
Last

Signature of Respondent (Do NOT sign until you are in front of a notary.)

_____”
Date

Notary fills out below.

State of _____

(Print name of state where this Affidavit is notarized)

County of _____

(Print the name of the county where this Affidavit is notarized)

Sworn to and subscribed before me, the undersigned notary, on this date:

at _____ a.m./p.m.
time circle one

_____/_____/_____
Month day year

by _____

(Print name of person who is signing this Affidavit. NOT the notary's name.)

[Notary Stamps Here]

Notary's Signature

NOTICE: THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS SENSITIVE DATA.

Cause No. _____

Print court information exactly as it appears on the Original Petition for Divorce

In the Matter of the Marriage of _____

In the _____

(Court Number)

Petitioner: _____

Print first, middle, and last name of spouse filing divorce.

District Court

and _____

County Court at Law

Respondent: _____

Print first, middle, and last name of other spouse.

County,
Texas

Respondent's Original Answer

WARNING to Respondent: Without the advice and help of a lawyer, you may be putting yourself, your property and your money at risk. For a referral to a lawyer or free legal aid office, call the State Bar of Texas Lawyer Referral Information Service at 800-252-9690. If you are a victim of family violence, or if at any time you feel unsafe, you can get confidential help from the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 800-799-7233, or legal help from the Texas Advocacy Project Family Violence Legal Line at 800-374-4673.

WARNING to Out-of-State Respondent: Filing an Answer with the Court enters your appearance in this case. Talk to a lawyer before filing an Answer if you **1) do not live in Texas** and **2) do not want a Texas court to have the power to make orders that would impose a personal obligation on you.** Such orders could include orders dividing your property and debts and (if requested by your spouse) ordering you to pay spousal support, court costs, and attorney's fees. If you file an Answer (or any pleading) before filing a Special Appearance, you will give up your right to argue that Texas can't make such orders because you live out of state. Ask a Texas attorney to help you determine if Texas has personal jurisdiction over you.

INSTRUCTIONS to Respondent: If you decide to use this form:

- Do not sign it until **at least one day after** the Original Petition for Divorce has been filed (turned in to the court). Your spouse should have given you a copy of the Original Petition for Divorce. The official court stamp on your copy will tell you when it was filed.
- Fill out this form completely.
- File (turn in) the original signed form to the court where your spouse filed the Original Petition for Divorce. Keep a copy for your records. Give a copy to your spouse.
- Get additional information about divorce at www.TexasLawHelp.org.

Print your answers.

My name is: _____
First Middle Last

I am the **Respondent** in this divorce case.

The last three numbers of my driver's license number are: ____ ____ ____ . My driver's license was issued in (State) _____ .
or I do not have a driver's license number.

The last three numbers of my social security number are: ____ ____ ____ .
or I do not have a social security number

1. General Denial

I enter a general denial. I want to be notified of all hearings in this case.

But, if my spouse and I reach an agreement and I sign a Final Decree of Divorce, I agree that the Judge can finalize this case without my getting notice of the hearing and without my coming to Court.

2. Contact Information

My mailing address is: _____
Mailing Address City State Zip

My email address is: _____

My phone number is: _____

I understand that I must notify the Court and my spouse's attorney or my spouse (if my spouse does not have an attorney) in writing if my mailing address or email address changes during these divorce proceedings.

I understand that, unless I notify the Court, my spouse's attorney or my spouse (if my spouse does not have an attorney) in writing of changes to my mailing address and email address, all information about this case, including the date and time of hearings, will be sent to me at the mailing address or email address on this form.

3. Discovery level

The discovery level in this case, if needed, is: (Check one box.)

Level 1. (Check here if you and your spouse have more than \$0 and less than \$250,000 in property.)

Level 2. (All other couples check here.)

Check only if applicable.

This is an action involving domestic violence and is exempt from the initial disclosure requirement under Texas Rule of Civil Procedure 193.2(d)(7).

4. Separate Property

I own the following separate property. I owned this property before I was married, or I received this property as a gift or inheritance during my marriage, or I received this property as recovery for personal injuries sustained during my marriage (not including any recovery for loss of earning capacity during my marriage). I ask the Court to confirm this property as my separate property in my Final Decree of Divorce.

1. House or land located at: _____
street address city state ZIP

2. Cars, trucks, motorcycles, mobile homes or other vehicles

Year	Make	Model	Vehicle Identification No. [VIN]
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

3. Other property I owned before I was married or received as a gift or inheritance during my marriage (describe): _____

4. Money I received as recovery for personal injuries sustained during my marriage (not including any recovery for loss of earning capacity during my marriage) (describe): _____

5. Name Change

(Check one.)

- I am NOT asking the court to change my name.
 I ask the Court to change my name back to:

First Middle Last

This is a name I have used before.

I am not asking the court to change my name to avoid criminal prosecution or to avoid payment of debt.

6. Request for Judgment

I ask the Court for general relief.

Complete the information below.

→ _____
Respondent's Signature Date

Respondent's Printed Name Phone Number

Mailing Address City State ZIP

Email Address Fax number (if available)

7. Certificate of Service

I will give a copy of this document to my spouse’s attorney or my spouse (if my spouse does not have an attorney) on the same day this document is filed with (turned in to) the Court as follows:

If I file this document electronically, I will send a copy of it to my spouse or my spouse’s attorney through the electronic file manager if possible. If not possible, I will give a copy to my spouse or my spouse’s attorney in person, by mail, by commercial delivery service, by fax, or by email.

If I file a paper copy of this document, I will give a copy of it to my spouse or my spouse’s attorney in person, by mail, by commercial delivery service, by fax, or by email.

→

Respondent’s Signature

Date

NOTICE: THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS SENSITIVE DATA.

Cause Number: _____
Print cause number and other court information exactly as the court assigned.

In the Matter of the Marriage of

Petitioner: _____
Print first, middle and last name of the spouse filing for divorce.

In the _____
(Court Number)

And

District Court
 County Court at Law

Respondent: _____
Print first, middle and last name of other spouse.

_____ County,
Texas

Final Decree of Divorce

A hearing took place on _____
Date

There was no jury. Neither the husband nor wife asked for a jury.

1. Appearances

Petitioner

The Petitioner's name is: _____
First Middle Last

The Petitioner is the: (Check one box.) husband. wife.

(Check one box.)

- The Petitioner **was present**, self-represented, and announced ready for trial.
- The Petitioner **was present**, self-represented, and agreed to the terms of this Final Decree of Divorce (called "Decree" throughout this document).
- The Petitioner **was not present** but has signed on page 9 agreeing to the terms of this Decree.

Respondent

The Respondent's name is: _____
First Middle Last

The Respondent is the: (Check one box.) husband. wife.

(Check one box.)

- The Respondent **was present**, self-represented, and announced ready for trial.
- The Respondent **was present**, self-represented, and agreed to the terms of this Decree.
- The Respondent **was not present**, but filed an Answer or Waiver of Service and has signed on page 9 agreeing to the terms of this Decree.
- The Respondent **was not present**, but filed a Global Waiver that waived Respondent's right to notice of this hearing and did not otherwise appear.
- The Respondent **was not present**, but was served and has defaulted. The Petitioner has filed a Certificate of Last Known Address and a Military Status Affidavit.

2. Record (The Court fills out this section.)

- A Court reporter recorded today's hearing.
- A Court reporter did not record today's hearing because the parties agreed not to make a record.
- A Statement of the Evidence was signed by the Court.

3. Jurisdiction

The Court heard evidence and finds that it has jurisdiction over this case and the parties, that the residency and notice requirements have been met, and the Petition for Divorce meets all legal requirements. The Court further finds that: (Check one box.)

- it has been at least 60 days since the Petition for Divorce was filed.
- the 60 day waiting period is not required because: (Check one box.)
 - Petitioner has an active Protective Order under Title 4 of the Texas Family Code, or an active magistrate's order for emergency protection under Article 17.292 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure against Respondent because Respondent committed family violence during the marriage.
 - Respondent has a final conviction or has received deferred adjudication for a crime involving family violence against Petitioner or a member of Petitioner's household.

4. Family Violence Statement

It has been represented to the Court that: (Check ONLY the option that applies to the situation.)

- There has been no pattern of child neglect or family violence by any party to this case within two years preceding the filing of this case or during the pendency of this case.

Or

- There **has** been family violence (Check all that apply.):
 - while the divorce was pending
 - during the two years prior to the filing of this lawsuit.

5. Dates of Marriage and Separation (Check ONLY the option that applies to the situation.):

- The date of marriage was on or about: _____
Month Day Year
- This was an informal (common law) marriage.

6. Divorce

IT IS ORDERED that the Petitioner and the Respondent are divorced.

7. Children

7A. No Children Together

The Court finds that the spouses **do not** have any biological or adopted children together who are under 18 years old, or over 18 years old and still in high school.

7B. Wife Not Pregnant

The Court finds that the wife is not pregnant.

7C. Did the wife have a child with another man while married to the husband?

(Check one box.)

- The Court finds that the wife **did not** have children with another man while married to the husband.
- The Court finds that the wife **did** have a child or children with another man while married to the husband. All of the children born during the marriage that are not the husband's adopted or biological children are named below:

	Child's name	Sex	Date of Birth
1	_____	_____	_____
2	_____	_____	_____
3	_____	_____	_____
4	_____	_____	_____
5	_____	_____	_____

If the wife had a child with another man while married to the husband, check one box below and attach copy of court order or Acknowledgement and Denial of Paternity for each child.

The Court further finds that paternity of each child listed above **has** been established,

- A court order has established that another man is the biological father and/or the husband is not the biological father of the child(ren) listed above. A copy of the court order is attached to this Decree as Exhibit ____.
- An Acknowledgement of Paternity was signed by the biological father and a Denial of Paternity was signed by the husband for the child(ren) listed above. A copy of each Acknowledgment and Denial of Paternity is attached to this Decree as Exhibit(s) _____.

8. Property and Debt

(Fill in all lines. If there is no property to declare in a particular category, write "none".)

The Court finds that the following is a just and right division of the parties' property and debt.

8A. Husband's Separate Property

The Court confirms that the husband owns the following property as his separate property:

1. **House or Land** located at: _____

Street Address	City	State	Zip
----------------	------	-------	-----

 - Husband owned this property before marriage.
 - Husband received this property as a gift or inheritance.
2. **Cars, trucks, motorcycles or other vehicles** Husband owned these vehicles *before* marriage or received them as a gift or inheritance during the marriage:

			Vehicle Identification No. [VIN]
Year	Make	Model	
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

3. Other Money or Property Confirmed as Husband's Separate Property

Husband owned the following money or property before the marriage or inherited or received the money or property as a gift during the marriage:

Husband received the following money recovery for personal injuries that occurred during the marriage that is not for lost wages or medical expenses: _____

8B. Husband's Community Property

The Court ORDERS that the husband is awarded the following community property as his sole and separate property and wife is divested of (loses) all right, title, interest and claim in and to that property. wife is ORDERED to sign any deeds or documents needed to transfer any property listed below to the husband. Husband is responsible for preparing the documents.

1. All property in husband's care, custody or control, or in husband's name, that this Decree does not give to the wife.

2. House or land located at: _____
Street Address City State Zip

Legal Description: _____

Note: The legal description is on the deed you received when you became an owner of the house or land. It is also available at the county clerk's office in the county where the house or land is located. Do NOT use the legal description listed on your property tax bill because it is usually incomplete. IT IS VERY IMPORTANT THAT THIS INFORMATION IS CORRECT. If you are not absolutely sure, talk to a lawyer.

3. All cash and money in any bank or other financial institution listed in husband's name alone.

4. Any insurance policy that covers husband's life.

5. Husband's cars, trucks, motorcycles or other vehicles listed below:

Year	Make	Model	Vehicle Identification No. [VIN]
------	------	-------	----------------------------------

_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

6. Husband will also keep the following property: _____

8C. Wife's Separate Property

The Court confirms that wife owns the following property as her separate property:

1. **House or Land** located at: _____
Street Address City State Zip

- Wife owned this property before marriage.
 Wife received this property as a gift or inheritance.

2. **Cars, trucks, motorcycles or other vehicles** Wife owned these vehicles before marriage or received them as a gift or inheritance during the marriage:

Year	Make	Model	Vehicle Identification No. [VIN]
------	------	-------	----------------------------------

_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

3. Other Money or Property Confirmed as Wife's Separate Property

Wife owned the following money or personal property before the marriage or inherited or received the money or property as a gift during the marriage:

Wife received the following money recovery for personal injuries that occurred during the marriage that was not for lost wages or medical expenses:

8D. Wife's Community Property

The Court ORDERS that the wife is awarded the following property as her sole and separate property and Husband is divested of (loses) all right, title, interest and claim in and to that property. Husband is ORDERED to sign any deeds or documents needed to transfer any property listed below to the wife. Wife is responsible for preparing the documents.

1. All property in wife's care, custody or control, or in wife's name, that this Decree does not give to the Husband.
2. House or land located at: _____

Street Address City State Zip

Legal Description: _____

Note: The legal description is on the deed you received when you became an owner of the house or land. It is also available at the county clerk's office in the county where the house or land is located. Do NOT use the legal description listed on your property tax bill because it is usually incomplete. IT IS VERY IMPORTANT THAT THIS INFORMATION IS CORRECT. If you are not absolutely sure, talk to a lawyer.

3. All cash and money in any bank or other financial institution listed in wife's name alone.
4. Any insurance policy that covers wife's life.
5. Wife's cars, trucks, motorcycles, or other vehicles listed below:

Year Make Model Vehicle Identification No. [VIN]

6. Wife will also keep the following property: _____

8E. Retirement Funds in Husband's Name

(For example: pension, retirement, 401(k), 403(b), employee stock ownership, profit sharing, thrift, Keogh, and stock option plans, as well as individual retirement accounts (IRAs), annuities and variable annuity life insurance benefits.)

The Court makes the following orders regarding retirement funds in husband's name.

(Check 8E(1) or 8E(2).)

8E(1) Husband is awarded **100%** of all retirement funds in husband's name alone, including but not limited to all rights to any pension, retirement, military retirement, 401(k), 403(b), employee stock ownership, profit sharing, thrift, Keogh, and stock option plans in husband's name alone, along with 100% of any individual retirement accounts (IRAs), annuities, and variable annuity life insurance in husband's name alone.

8E(2) The following retirement funds in husband's name are divided between husband and wife:
(It is very important to list the exact name and account number of any retirement fund the Court is dividing.)

Formal Name of Retirement Fund	Account Number

The Court **ORDERS** that the portion of each retirement fund listed above accrued between the date of the marriage ____/____/____ and the date this Final Decree of Divorce is signed by the Court: (Check one.)

is awarded **50%** to husband and **50%** to wife and as more specifically described in the **Qualified Domestic Relations Order** signed by the Court.

is awarded ____% to husband and ____% to wife and as more specifically described in the **Qualified Domestic Relations Order** signed by the Court.

is awarded \$ _____ to wife and the remainder to husband and as more specifically described in the **Qualified Domestic Relations Order** signed by the Court.

other: _____

The Court **ORDERS** that husband is awarded all retirement funds in husband's name alone that are not specifically awarded to wife above.

The Court checks this box, if applicable.

A **Qualified Domestic Relations Order** was signed by the Court on the same day this Final Decree of Divorce was signed by the Court.

8F. Retirement Funds in Wife's Name

(For example: pension, retirement, 401(k), 403(b), employee stock ownership, profit sharing, thrift, Keogh, and stock option plans, as well as individual retirement accounts (IRAs), annuities and variable annuity life insurance benefits.)

The Court makes the following orders regarding retirement funds in wife's name.

(Check 8F(1) or 8F(2).)

8F(1) Wife is awarded **100%** of all retirement funds in wife's name alone, including all rights to any pension, retirement, military retirement, 401(k), 403(b), employee stock ownership, profit sharing, thrift, Keogh, and stock option plans in wife's name alone, along with 100% of any individual retirement accounts (IRAs), annuities, and variable annuity life insurance in wife's name alone.

8F(2) The following retirement funds in wife's name are divided between husband and wife: (It is very important to list the exact name and account number of any retirement fund the Court is dividing.)

Formal Name of Retirement Fund	Account Number

The Court **ORDERS** that the portion of each retirement fund listed above accrued between the date of the marriage ____/____/____ and the date this Final Decree of Divorce is signed by the Court: (Check one.)

- is awarded **50%** to wife and **50%** to husband and as more specifically described in the **Qualified Domestic Relations Order** signed by the Court.
- is awarded ____% to wife and ____% to husband and as more specifically described in the **Qualified Domestic Relations Order** signed by the Court.
- is awarded \$ _____ to husband and the remainder to wife and as more specifically described in the **Qualified Domestic Relations Order** signed by the Court.
- other: _____

The Court **ORDERS** that wife is awarded all retirement funds in wife's name alone that are not specifically awarded to husband above.

The Court checks this box, if applicable.

A **Qualified Domestic Relations Order** was signed by the Court on the same day this Final Decree of Divorce was signed by the Court.

8G. Debts to Husband

The Court ORDERS husband to pay the debts listed below:

- 1. All debts, taxes, bills, liens, and other charges, past, present and future, that are in husband's name alone unless this Decree requires otherwise.
- 2. Any debt husband incurred after separation. Date of separation: _____

Month
Day
Year
- 3. The balance due on any loan or mortgage for the real property (house or land) that this Decree gives to husband alone.
- 4. The balance due on any loan for any vehicles that this Decree gives to husband alone.
- 5. All other debts listed below, which are not in husband's name alone: (such as credit cards, student loans, medical bills, income taxes)

8H. Debts to Wife

The Court ORDERS wife to pay the debts listed below:

- 1. All debts, taxes, bills, liens, and other charges, present and future, that are in wife's name alone unless this Decree requires otherwise.
- 2. Any debt wife incurred after separation. Date of separation: _____

Month
Day
Year
- 3. The balance due on any loan or mortgage for the real property that this Decree gives to wife alone.
- 4. The balance due on any loan for any vehicles that this Decree gives to wife alone.
- 5. All other debts listed below, which are not in wife's name alone: (such as credit cards, student loans, medical bills, income taxes)

9. Muniment of Title

This Decree shall serve as a muniment of title to transfer ownership of all property awarded to any party in this Final Decree of Divorce. (A "muniment of title" creates an official record of ownership transfer.)

10. Name Change

The Court ORDERS the name of the: (Check all boxes that apply.)

- Husband changed back to a name used before marriage, as it appears below:

First	Middle	Last
-------	--------	------

- Wife changed back to a name used before marriage, as it appears below:

First	Middle	Last
-------	--------	------

11. Court Costs

The costs of court shall be paid by the spouse who incurred them to the extent the party is required to pay such costs. A spouse who filed a Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs or Affidavit of Indigency or Declaration of Indigency that was not successfully contested is not required to pay court costs.

12. Other Orders

The court has the right to make other orders, if needed, to clarify or enforce the orders above.

13. Final Orders

Any orders requested that do not appear above are denied.

This Decree is a final judgment that disposes of all claims and all parties and is appealable.

Date of Judgment	Judge's Signature
	Judge's Printed Name

By signing below, the Petitioner agrees to this Final Decree of Divorce in form and substance.

Petitioner's Signature	Phone number
Petitioner's Name (print)	Date
Mailing Address:	
Email:	
Fax (if available)	

By signing below, the Respondent agrees to this Final Decree of Divorce in form and substance.

Respondent's Signature	Phone number
Respondent's Name (print)	Date
Mailing Address:	
Email:	
Fax: (if available)	

Case No. _____

**In the Matter of
The Marriage of**

[Petitioner's name]

And

[Respondent's name]

In the District Court

Collin County, Texas

Judicial District

ORDER SETTING HEARING DATE

IT IS ORDERED that the hearing on the Petition be set for _____ o'clock on the _____ day of _____, 20__ in the courtroom of the _____ Judicial District Court, in the County of Collin in McKinney, Texas.

SIGNED this the _____ day of _____.

JUDGE PRESIDING

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that a true copy of the above _____
[title of motion or petition] has this day been:

- _____ delivered by courier with receipted delivery
- _____ sent by certified mail, return receipt requested
- _____ sent via facsimile with confirmation

To:

_____ [name of other party]

at: _____

_____ [address of other party].

On this _____ day of _____.

[Signature]

[Typed or Printed Name]

[Address and Telephone No.]